Ch. 10 Study Guide

Wilmot Proviso Republican Party John Brown Compromise of 1850 Fort Sumter Know-Nothings Crittenden Compromise Roger B. Taney Jefferson Davis Kansas-Nebraska Act

1. In the election of 1848, why were the major parties forced to take a stand on slavery?
2. Why did the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850 anger the Northerners?
3. Why was the abolitionist John Brown executed?
4. What did abolitionists believe about slavery?
5. Who was the Free-Soil Party’s candidate for president?
6. What could happen to citizens under the new Fugitive Slave Act of 1850?
7. What was the final Northern destination for most people escaping slavery on the Underground Railroad?
8. Who wrote the Kansas-Nebraska Act of 1854?
9. What event started “Bleeding Kansas”?
10. “Bleeding Kansas” demonstrated what about popular sovereignty?
11. What did James Buchanan promise?
12. The Dred Scott decision stated that slaves were what?
13. What was Lincoln’s view on African Americans?
14. Why did John Brown’s raid on Harpers Ferry fail?
15. Why did South Carolina secede from the union?
16. Why did the election of 1860 show that the North and the South were two distinct political entities?
17. What event directly caused the outbreak of the Civil War?
18. What did Abraham Lincoln declare in his inaugural address?
19. What was one outcome of the Compromise of 1850?
20. Why did the Confederate States of America write a constitution that prohibited importing slaves from other countries?
21. Why was the road to statehood for Kansas so unusual?